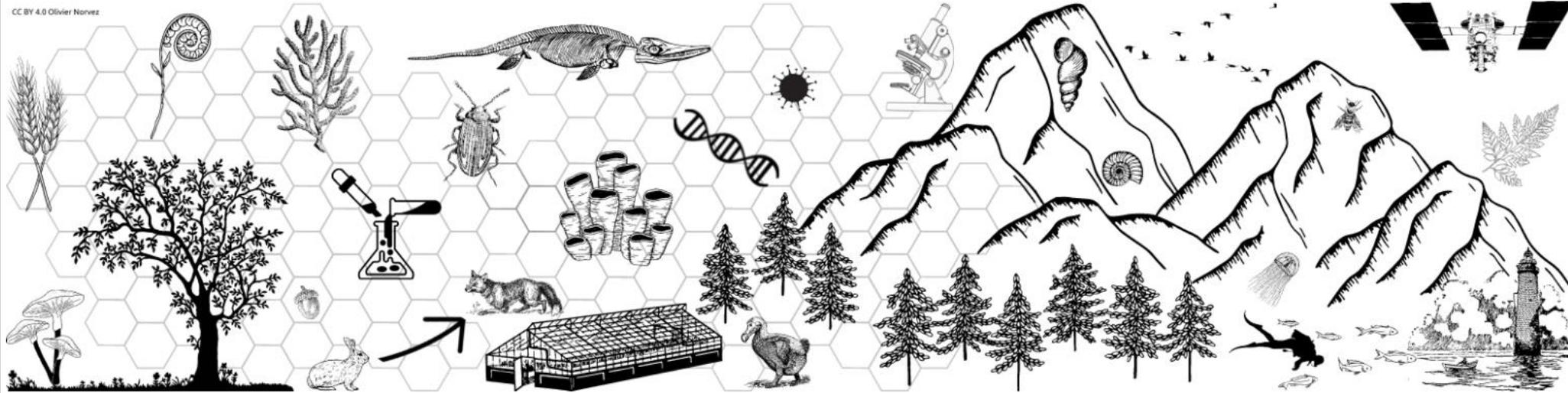


Galaxy Ecology Kesako



By Coline Royaux, Marie Jossé, Pauline Seguineau, Arhur Barreau, Jean Le Cras, Elouan Le Mestic, Olivier Norvez, Francis Clément, Nicolas Buisine, Jian-Sheng Sun, Yvan Le Bras, The Galaxy Ecology Community



Contexte

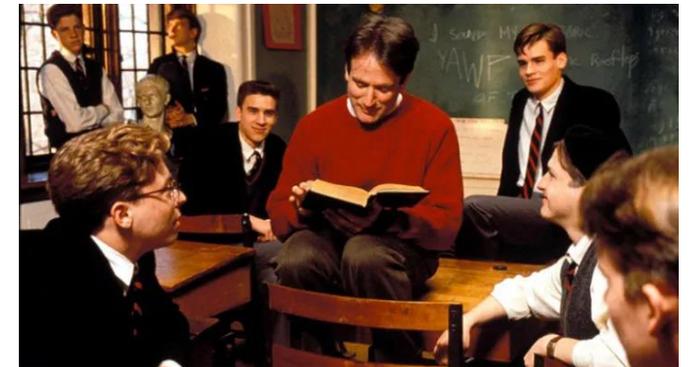
Les résultats dépendent des orientations d'origine



« Hier est derrière, demain est un mystère, mais aujourd'hui est un cadeau, C'est pour cela qu'on l'appelle présent ! »



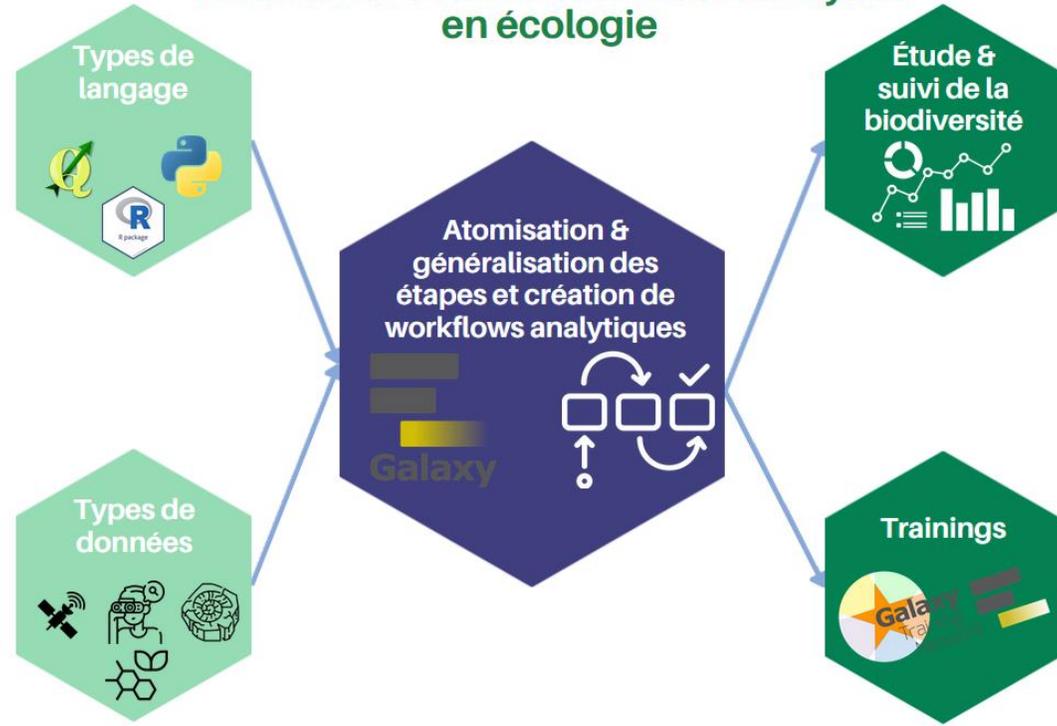
<https://www.flickr.com/photos/27474697@N08/2556889078>



<https://www.vitav.fr/le-cercle-des-poetes-disparus-une-ode-a-la-liberte/>

« Carpediem »

Plateforme de traitement et d'analyses en écologie



Galaxy Ecology: Origins

Proposer de transformer « un rêve » en réalité

Du déluge des données aux sciences participatives

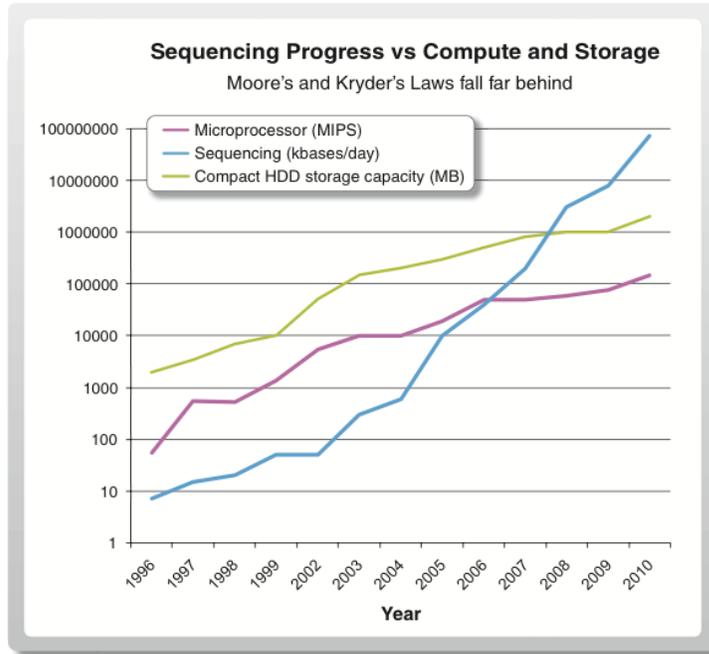
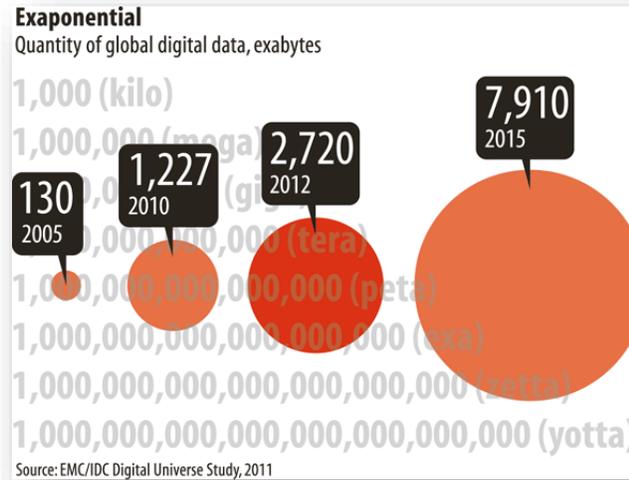
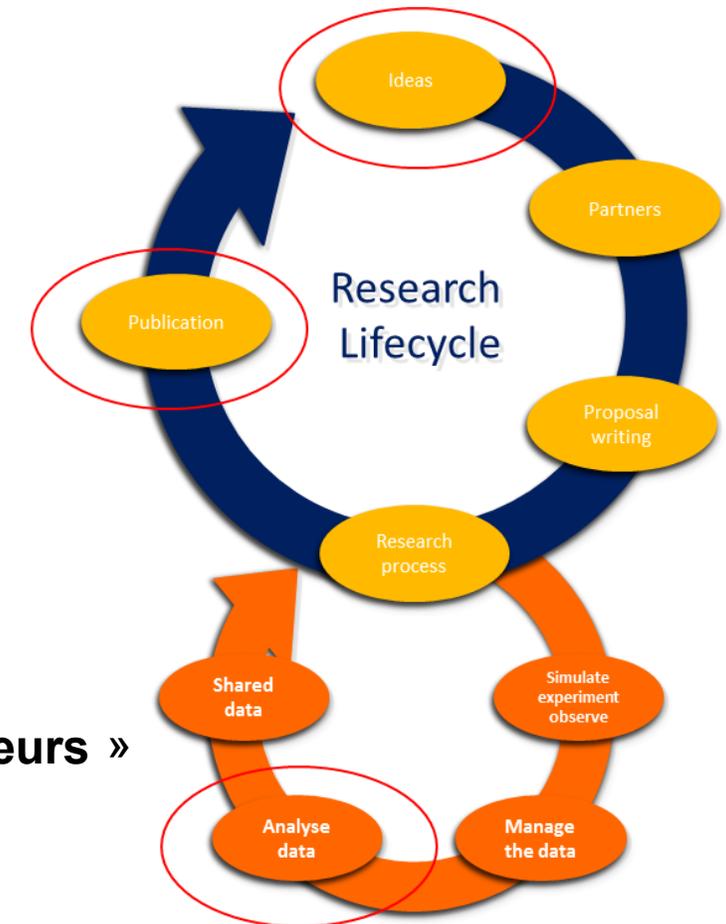


Fig. 1. A doubling of sequencing output every 9 months has outpaced and overtaken performance improvements within the disk storage and high-performance computation fields.



« 65 Millions d'observateurs »



Proposer de transformer « un rêve » en réalité

Du déluge des données aux sciences participatives

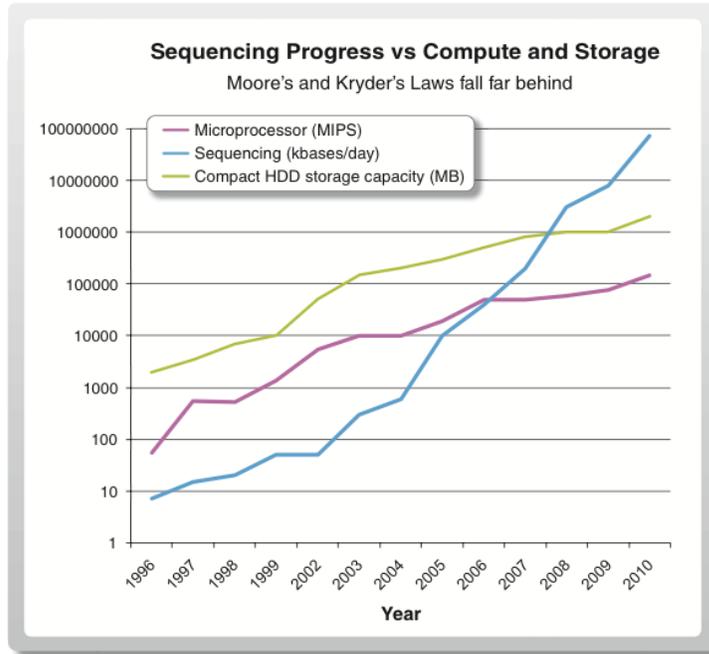
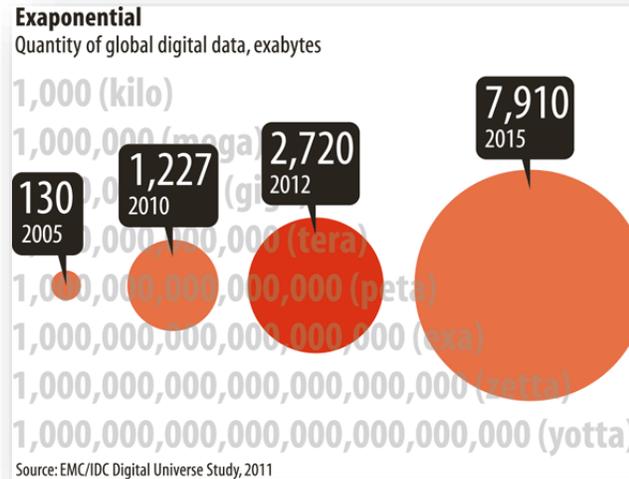
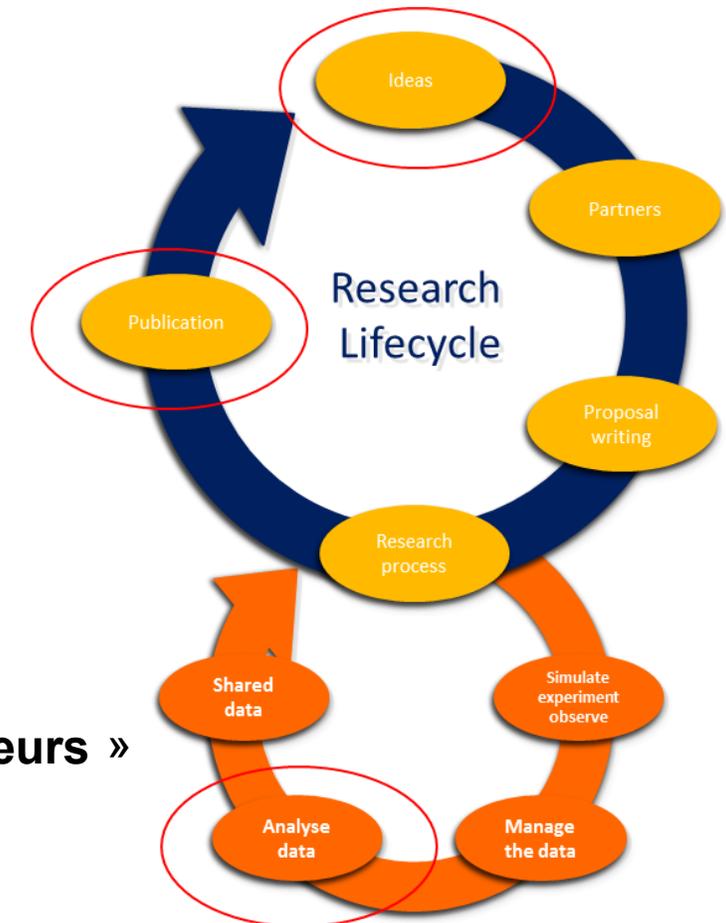


Fig. 1. A doubling of sequencing output every 9 months has outpaced and overtaken performance improvements within the disk storage and high-performance computation fields.



« 65 Millions d'observateurs »



“L'un des grands défis de la science intensivement orientée données consiste à **faciliter la découverte de connaissances** en aidant les humains et les machines à découvrir, accéder, intégrer et **analyser des données scientifiques adaptées à leurs tâches, ainsi que les algorithmes et les flux de travail associés.**”

FORCE11 Future of Research Communication & e-Scholarship (2016)
The FAIR principles <https://www.force11.org/group/fairgroup/fairprinciples>

Proposer de transformer « un rêve » en réalité

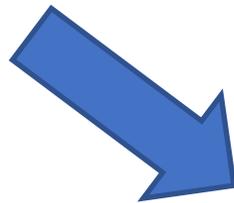
Une plateforme d'analyse collaborative pour les sciences participatives

Objectifs :

- Renforcer l'équipe de recherche avec des citoyens pour faire face à la datanami.
- Sortir du formalisme des chercheurs.
- Améliorer les connaissances mondiales sur l'environnement afin de mieux le protéger.

Conclusions :

- Nous devons donner **accès aux vraies données scientifiques brutes et aux codes sources**
- Nous devons tirer parti des initiatives, des outils et des services existants en matière d'infrastructures numériques de recherche



2017: Naissance de l'initiative « Galaxy for Ecology »



Proposer de transformer « un rêve » en réalité

Une plateforme d'analyse collaborative pour les sciences participatives

Objectifs :

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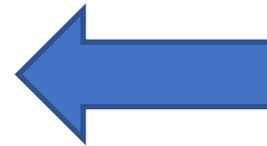
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Brique essentielle infrastructure numérique dédiée biodiversité

Galaxy-E comme une composante essentielle du PNDB

2018: Naissance de l'infrastructure numérique dédiée biodiversité PNDB



Brique essentielle infrastructure numérique dédiée biodiversité

Galaxy-E comme une composante essentielle du PNDB

2018

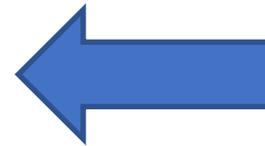
Avantages :

- Démarrage rapide, sur système en production, même avec des ressources limitées
- Pas besoin de ressources humaines pour l'administration du système
- Pas besoin de ressources informatiques
- « Il suffit » de développer des composants lorsque cela est nécessaire / lorsque les ressources humaines sont financées.
- Bénéficier d'une grande communauté existante et y contribuer.

« Devoir » :

- Disposer d'un processus de qualité minimum => meilleures pratiques / principes FAIR, ce qui est également un avantage !

2018: Naissance de l'infrastructure numérique dédiée biodiversité PNDB



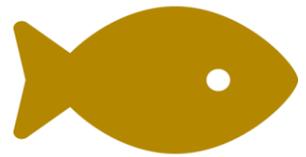
Galaxy Ecology: D'une plateforme
aux meilleures pratiques en analyse
de données de Biodiversité

Des pratiques "Galaxy-E" pour la réutilisation!

Atomisation & Généralisation pour réutiliser / transposer



GigaScience, 2025, 14, 1-12
DOI: 10.1093/gigascience/giae122
Review



PAMPA

Guidance framework to apply best practices in ecological data analysis: lessons learned from building Galaxy-Ecology

Coline Royaux^{1,2,*}, Jean-Baptiste Mihoub³, Marie Jossé⁴, Dominique Pelletier⁵, Olivier Norvez⁶, Yves Anne Foulloux⁹, Helena Rasche¹⁰, Saskia Hiltmann¹¹, Bérénice Batut^{12,13}, Eléaume Marc^{14,15}, Pauli Guillaume Massé¹⁶, Alan Amossé¹⁷, Claire Bissery^{8,18}, Romain Lorrilliere³, Alexis Martin¹⁹, Yves Bas^{3,20}, Thimothée Virgoulay^{21,22}, Valentin Chambon¹⁷, Elie Arnaud², Elisa Michon²³, Clara Urfer^{2,24}, Eloïse Trigodet²¹, Gregoire Lois³, Romain Julliard³, Björn Grüning²⁵, Yvan Le Bras²⁶, and The Galaxy-E community

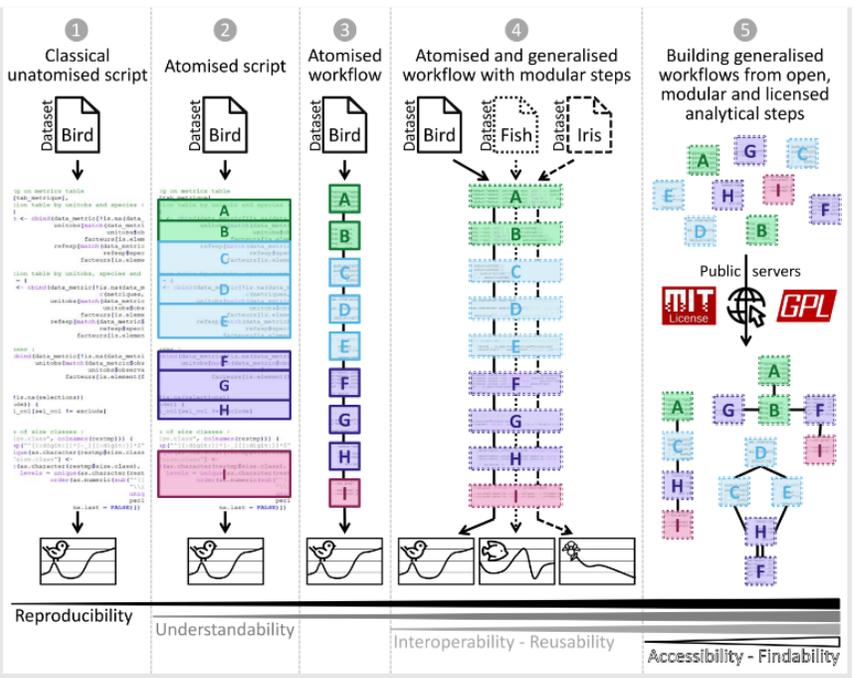
Guidance framework to apply best practices in ecological data analysis: Lessons learned from building Galaxy-Ecology



PCI recommendation: <https://doi.org/10.24072/pci.ecology.100694>

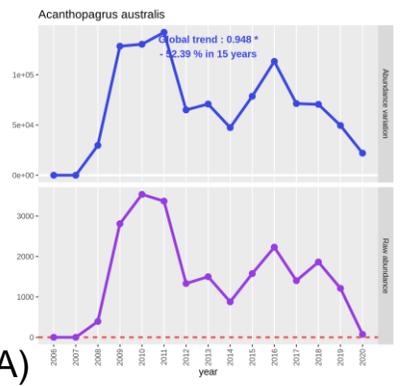
Royaux Coline^{1,2,*}, Mihoub Jean-Baptiste³, Jossé Marie⁴, Pelletier Dominique⁵, Norvez Olivier⁶, Reecht Yves^{7,8}, Foulloux Anne⁹, Rasche Helena¹⁰, Hiltmann Saskia¹¹, Batut Bérénice^{12,13}, Eléaume Marc^{14,15}, Segueineau Pauline^{14,15}, Massé Guillaume¹⁶, Amossé Alan¹⁷, Bissery Claire^{8,18}, Lorrilliere Romain³, Martin Alexis¹⁹, Bas Yves^{3,20}, Virgoulay Thimothée^{21,22}, Chambon Valentin¹⁷, Arnaud Elie², Michon Elisa²³, Urfer Clara^{2,24}, Trigodet Eloïse^{21,24}, Delannoy Marie³, Lois Gregoire³, Julliard Romain³, Grüning Björn²⁵, The Galaxy-E community, Le Bras Yvan²

Graphical abstract – Levels of attainable best practices through the atomisation – generalisation framework

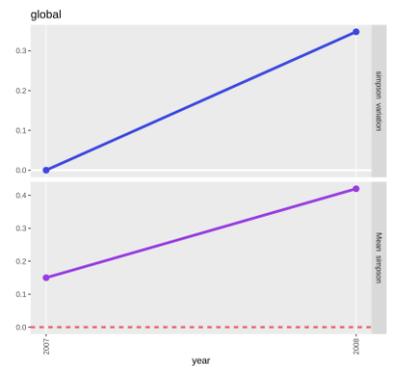


Keywords: Biodiversity; Reproducible analyses; Galaxy; Best practices; Atomisation; Generalisation; Workflows; Ecoinformatics; Conda; Container; Common Workflow Language; RO-CRATE

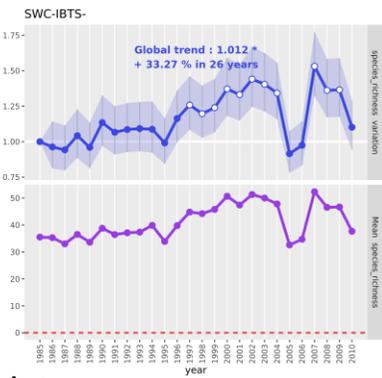
REEF LIFE SURVEY fishes data



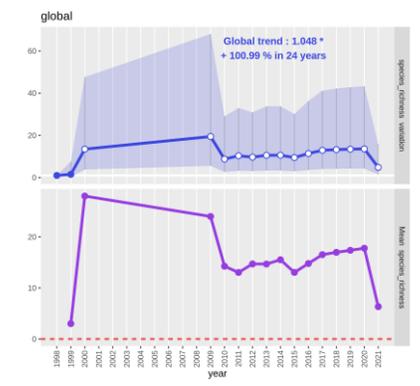
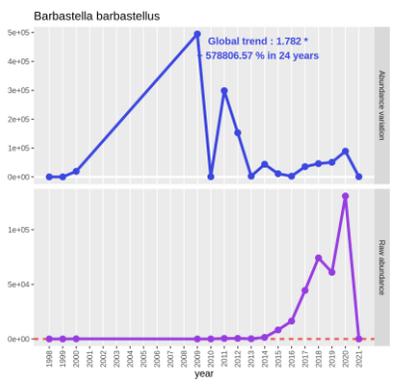
Marine Protected Areas (PAMPA) fishes data



DATRAS fishing data



VIGIE CHIRO bats data



Des pratiques "Galaxy-E" pour la réutilisation!

Données différentes, mêmes variables, même workflow

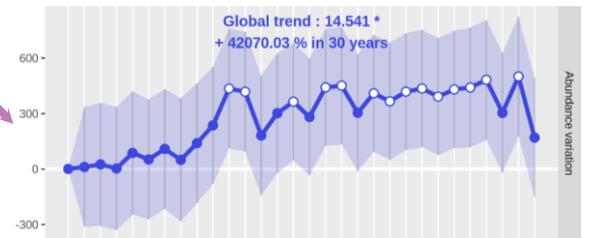
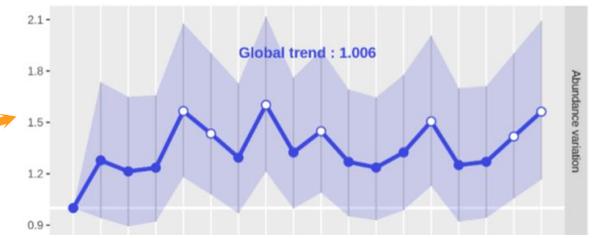
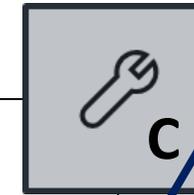
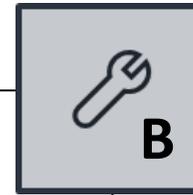
 Lieu

 Année

 Espèce

 Occurrence

	carre	annee	espece	abond
1	2	2016	ACCGEN	0
2	2	2017	ACCGEN	0
3	2	2018	ACCGEN	0
4	2	2019	ACCGEN	0
5	183	2016	ACCGEN	0
6	183	2017	ACCGEN	0



Survey	Year	Quarter	Area	AphiaID	Species	LngtClass	CPUE_number_per_hour
1	1991	1	22	126281	Anguilla anguilla	0	0.000000
2	1991	1	22	126281	Anguilla anguilla	720	0.009160
3	1991	1	22	126417	Clupea harengus	0	0.000000
4	1991	1	22	126417	Clupea harengus	80	0.075785
5	1991	1	22	126417	Clupea harengus	85	0.000000
6	1991	1	22	126417	Clupea harengus	95	0.000000
7	1991	1	22	126417	Clupea harengus	100	0.000000
8	1991	1	22	126417	Clupea harengus	105	0.012492
9	1991	1	22	126417	Clupea harenqus	110	0.618357



Unit	bs	rotation	codeSp	sexe	taille	classe_taille	poids	nb_ind
1	AS140155	3	Hemifasc	-999	-999	P	-999	1
2	AS140159	1	Nasosp.	-999	-999	P	-999	3
3	AS140159	3	Gompvari	-999	-999	P	-999	1
4	AS140160	3	Gompvari	-999	-999	P	-999	1



Des pratiques "Galaxy-E" pour la réutilisation!

Données différentes, mêmes variables, même workflow

2024

Transposer à un contexte autre
(taxonomique et/ou géographique
et/ou temporel)

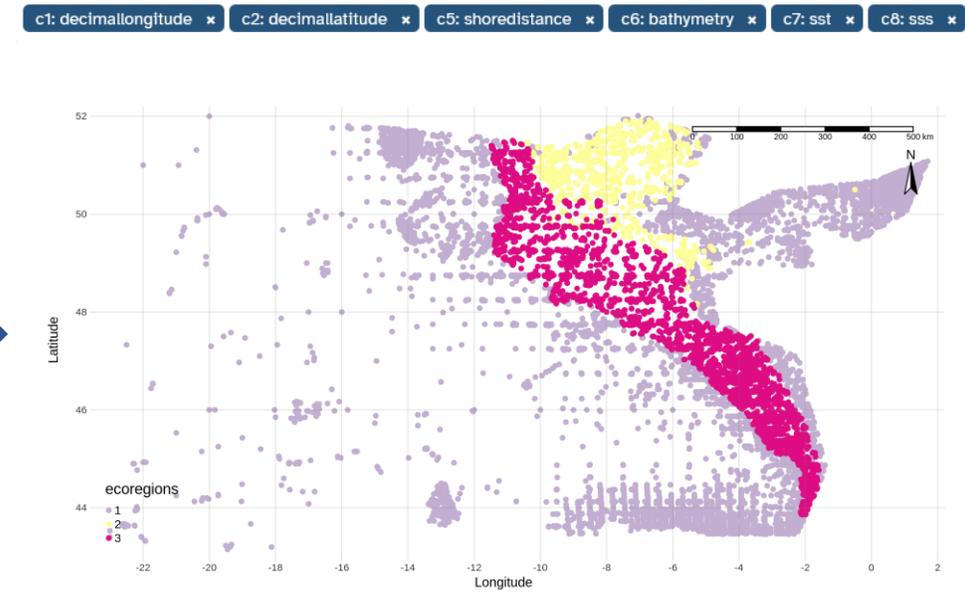
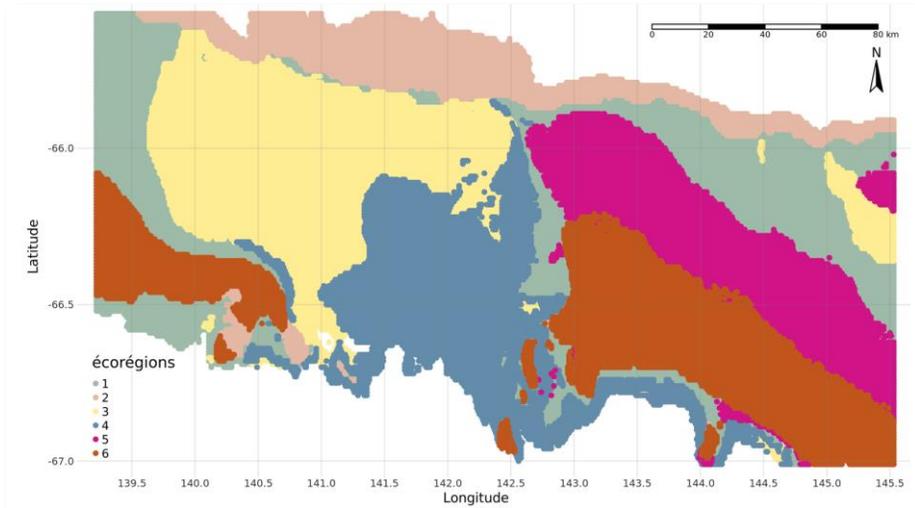
De l'Antarctique à l'Atlantique Nord Est

Des invertébrés aux poissons

Nord Atlantique

OBIS occurrences de données marines (poissons)
OBIS données environnementales (tous)

Données « espèces » (invertébrés)
Données environnementales



Des pratiques "Galaxy-E" pour la réutilisation!

Données différentes, mêmes variables, même workflow

2024

Tester plusieurs scenarios

De l'Antarctique à l'Atlantique Nord Est

Des invertébrés aux poissons

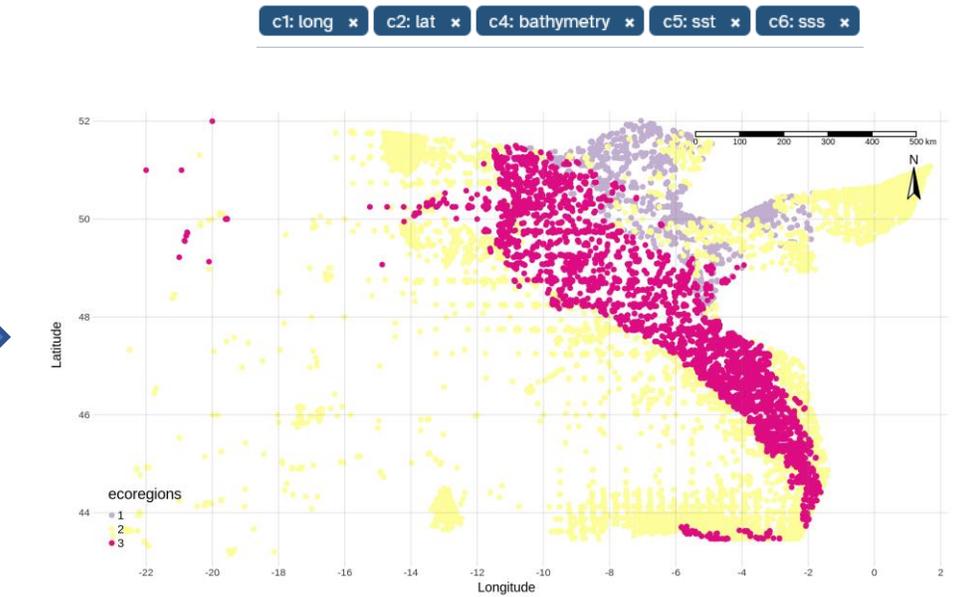
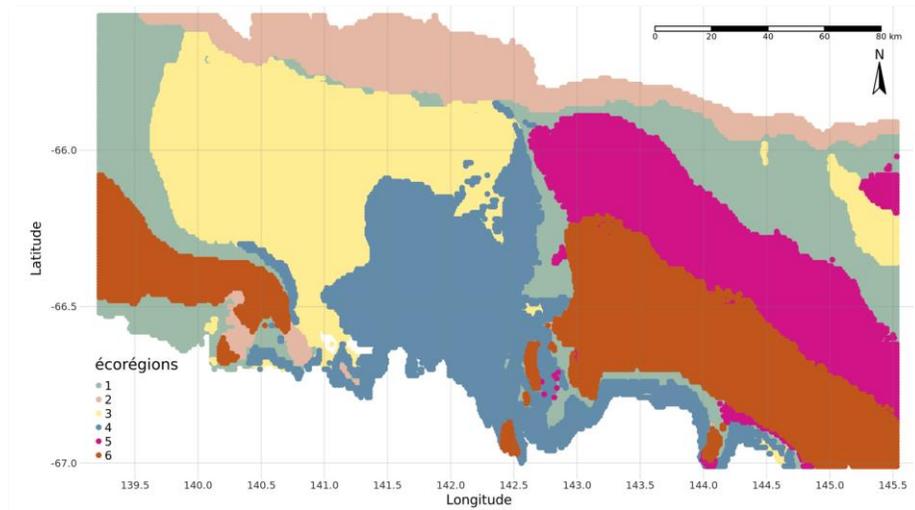
Modification des paramètres de modélisation

Nord Atlantique

OBIS occurrences de données marines (poissons)

OBIS données environnementales (sst/bathy/sss)

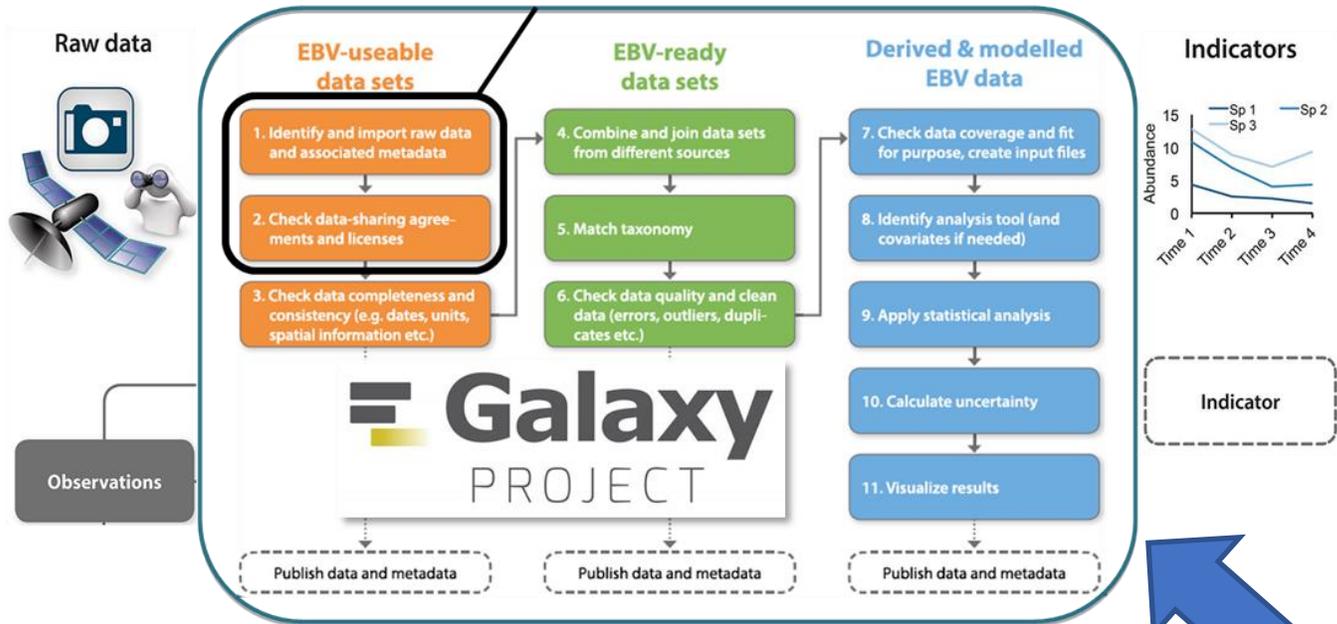
Données « espèces » (invertébrés)
Données environnementales



Brique essentielle pour contribuer à des initiatives de grande ampleur

Participation au réseau mondial d'observation de la terre dédié biodiversité

2019



GEO BON
Group on Earth Observations
Biodiversity Observation Network

French BON EBV operationalization pilot

Kissling et al. 2017 Biol. Reviews

PND B Pôle National
de Données de Biodiversité

Galaxy Training! Ecology Learning Pathways Help Extras Search Tutorials

Compute and analyze biodiversity metrics with PAMPA toolsuite

Authors: Coline Royaux Yvan Le Bras Jean-Baptiste Mihoub

Overview

Questions:

- How to evaluate properly populations and communities biological state with abundance data?
- How does trawl exploited populations of Baltic sea, Southern Atlantic and Scotland are doing over time?
- How to compute and analyze biodiversity metrics from abundance data?

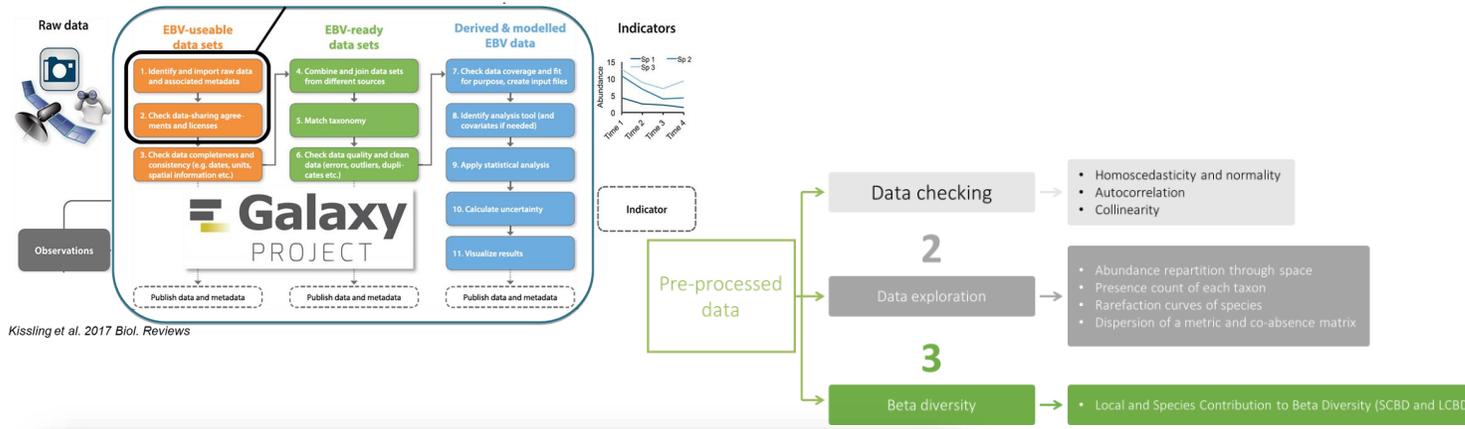
Objectives:

- Upload data from DATRAS portal of ICES
- Pre-process population data with Galaxy
- Learning how to use an ecological analysis workflow from raw data to graphical representations
- Learning how to construct a Generalized Linear (Mixed) Model from a usual ecological question
- Learning how to interpret a Generalized Linear (Mixed) Model

Brique essentielle pour contribuer à des initiatives de grande ampleur

Participation au réseau mondial d'observation de la terre dédié biodiversité

2019-2022



Kissling et al. 2017 Biol. Reviews



French BON EBV operationalization pilot

Biodiversity data exploration

Authors: Olivier Norvez Marie Josse Coline Royaux Yvan Le Bras

Overview

Questions:

- How to explore biodiversity data?
- How to look at Homoscedasticity, normality or collinearity of presences-absence or abundance data?
- How to compare beta diversity taking into account space, time and species components?

Objectives:

- Explore Biodiversity data with taxonomic, temporal and geographical informations
- Have an idea about quality content of the data regarding statistical tests like normality or homoscedasticity and coverage like temporal or geographical coverage

Requirements:

- Introduction to Galaxy Analyses

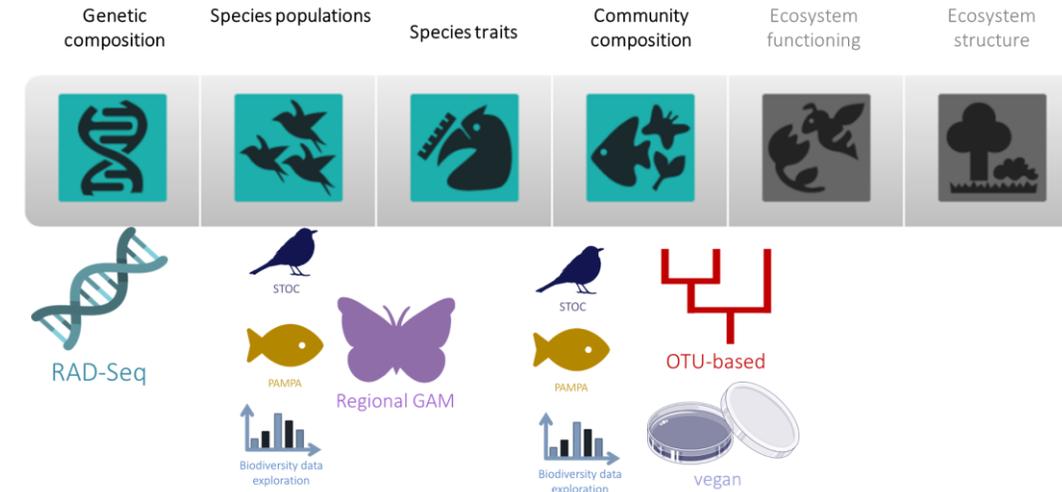
Time estimation: 1 hour

Supporting Materials:

[Datasets](#) [Workflows](#) [Recordings](#) [Available on these Galaxies](#)

Last modification: Oct 28, 2022

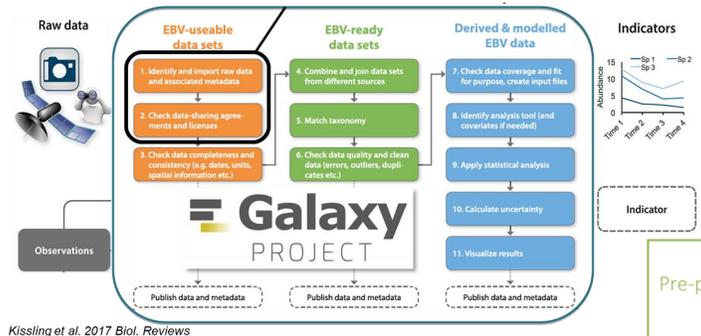
License: Tutorial Content is licensed under Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License The GTN Framework is licensed under MIT



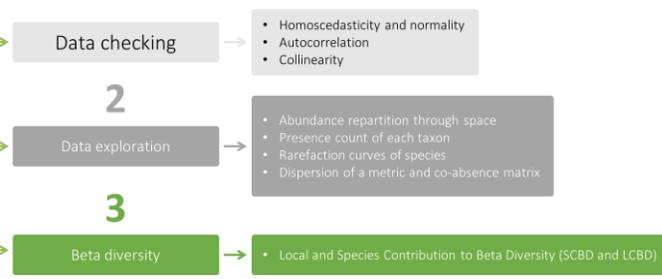
Brique essentielle pour contribuer à des initiatives de grande ampleur

Participation au réseau mondial d'observation de la terre dédié biodiversité

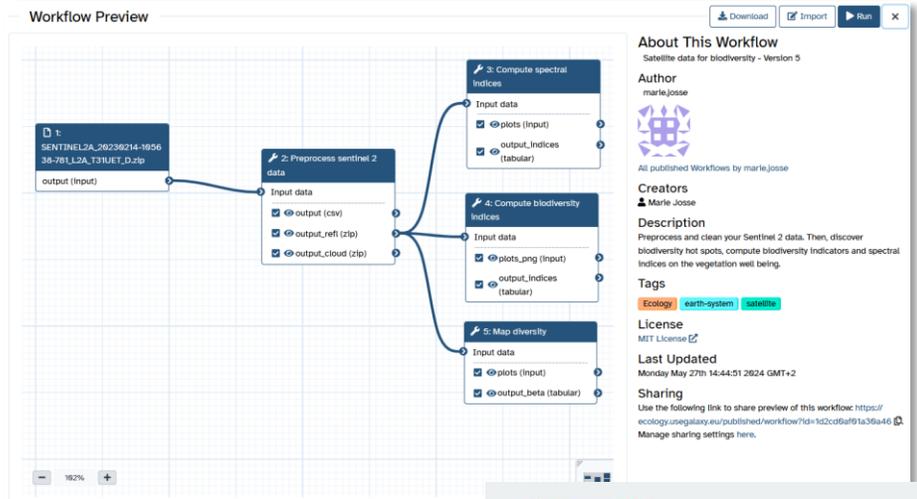
2023



Kissling et al. 2017 Biol. Reviews



French BON EBV operationalization pilot



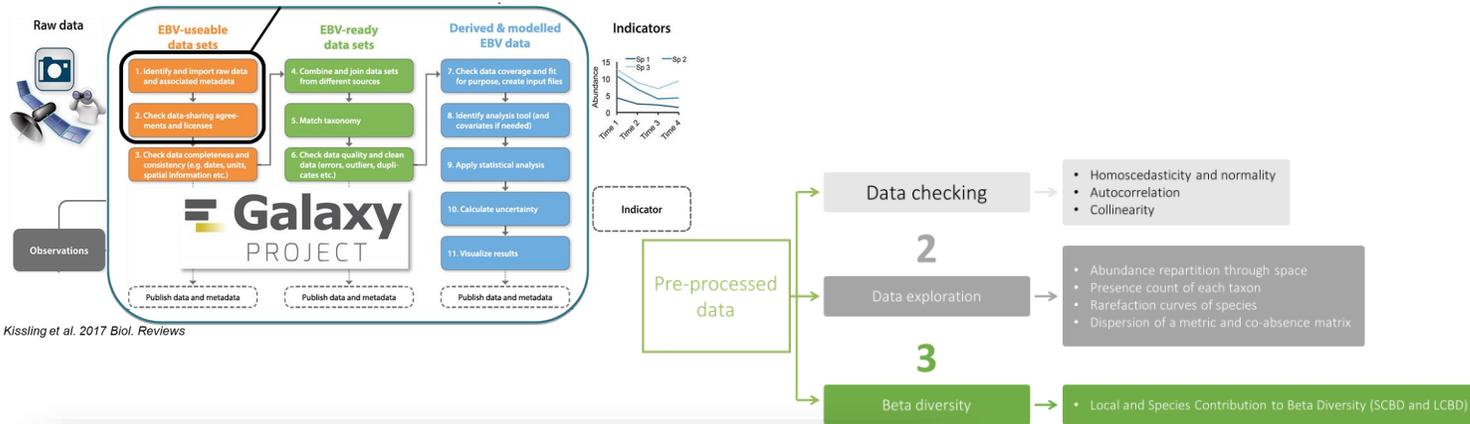
This block contains several icons representing different aspects of biodiversity and data analysis:

- Genetic composition:** DNA double helix icon.
- Species populations:** Bird icon (STOC) and Fish icon (PAMPA).
- Species traits:** Bird icon (STOC) and Butterfly icon (Regional GAM).
- Community composition:** Fish icon (PAMPA).
- Ecosystem functioning:** Tree icon (OTU-based).
- Ecosystem structure:** Tree icon (vegan).
- Data sources:** RAD-Seq (DNA helix), Biodiversity data exploration (bar chart), and vegán (petri dish).
- Map:** A map showing a spatial distribution of values (CCCI) with a color scale from 0.72 to 0.84.

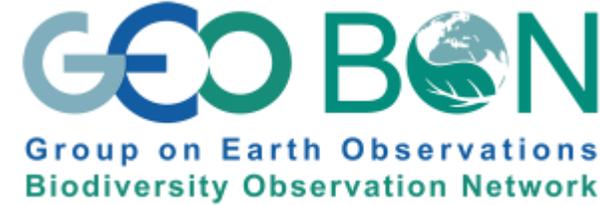
Brique essentielle pour contribuer à des initiatives de grande ampleur

Participation au réseau mondial d'observation de la terre dédié biodiversité

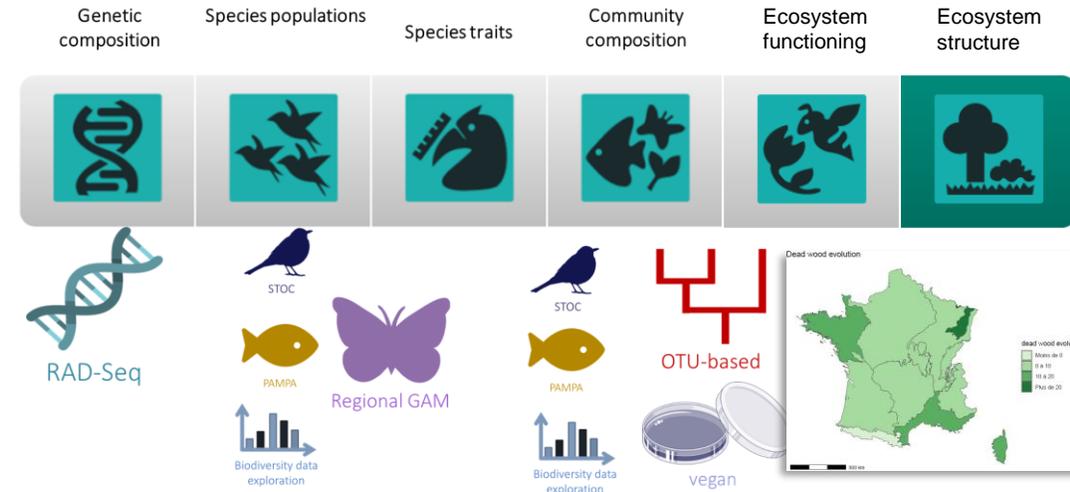
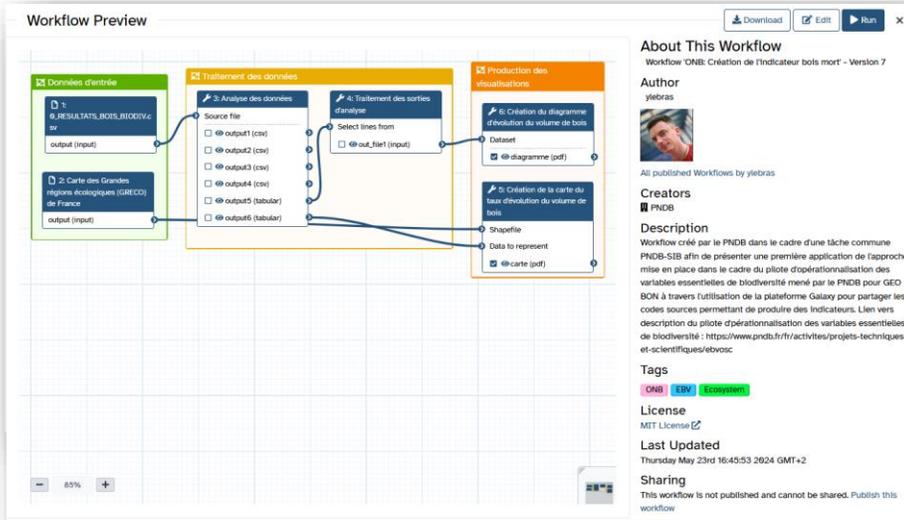
2023



Kissling et al. 2017 Biol. Reviews



French BON EBV operationalization pilot

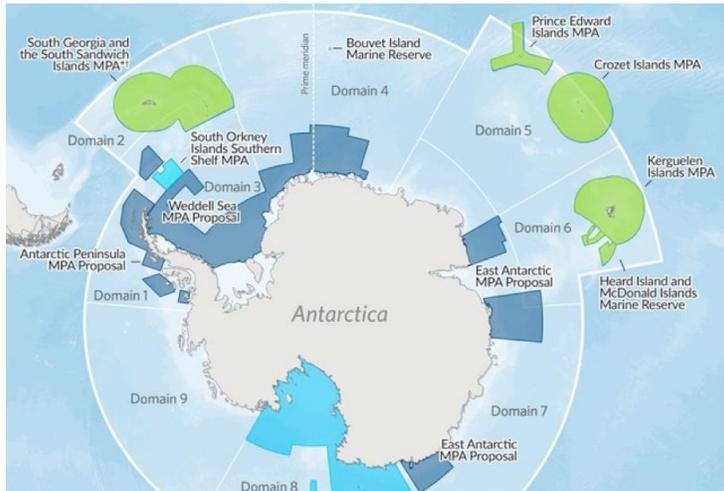


PNDB Pôle National de Données de Biodiversité

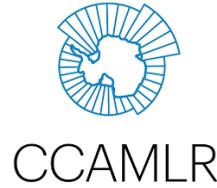
Brique essentielle pour contribuer à des initiatives de grande ampleur

Participation au réseau mondial d'observation de la terre dédié biodiversité

2023

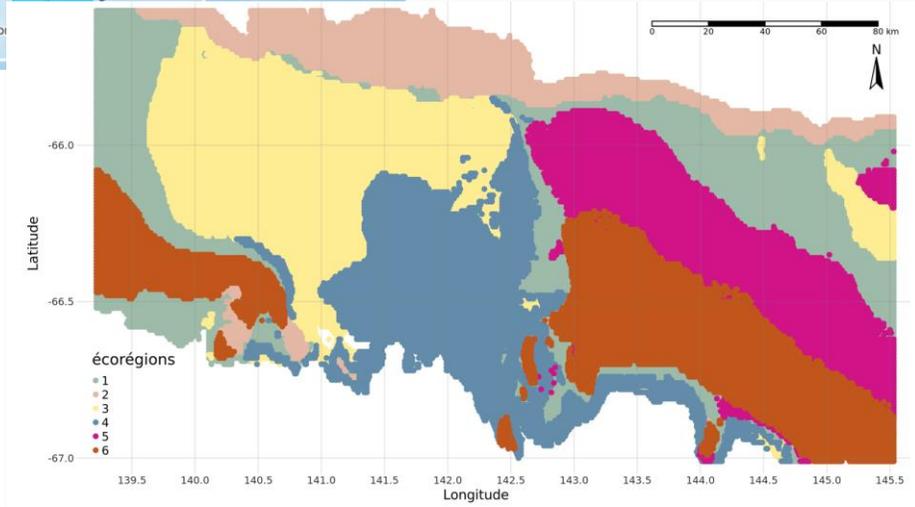


- AMP nationales
- AMP CCAMLR
- AMP en projet



today,

- 2 MPA already there
- 3 projects in discussion



Tutoriels en ligne dédiés Ecologie



Data and Metadata Management

These tutorials are focusing on data and metadata management in Ecology.

Lesson	Slides	Hands-on	Recordings	Input dataset	Workflows
Cleaning GBIF data using OpenRefine biodiversity					
Creating FAIR Quality assessment reports and draft of Data Papers from EML metadata with MetaShRIMPS Metadata EML FAIR Data Paper biodiversity					
Creating metadata using Ecological Metadata Language (EML) standard with EML Assembly Line functionalities Metadata EML Ecology Biodiversity FAIR Data Paper					
Data submission using ENA upload Tool					

Data access

These lessons focus on ways to access data classically used in Ecology

Lesson	Slides	Hands-on	Recordings	Input dataset	Workflows
QGIS Web Feature Services earth-system GIS Geographical Information System WFS Spatial data Maps OGC biodiversity					

Data preprocessing

These lessons focus on manners to preprocess data used in Ecology

Lesson	Slides	Hands-on	Recordings	Input dataset	Workflows
Biodiversity data exploration taxonomic data data quality biodiversity					
Checking expected species and contamination in bacterial isolate illumina bacteria microgalaxy					
Cleaning GBIF data for the use in Ecology gbif data management data cleaning biodiversity					

Data visualization

These tutorials showcase data visualization in Ecology

Lesson	Slides	Hands-on	Recordings	Input dataset	Workflows
Visualization of Climate Data using NetCDF xarray Map Plotting xarray					
Visualize EBV cube data with Panoply netCDF viewer interactive-tools EBV cube Data visualization					

Data analysis

These lessons focus on ways to analyse data in Ecology

Lesson	Slides	Hands-on	Recordings	Input dataset	Workflows
Champs blocs indicators Ecosystem EBV class EBV dataset EBV workflow Marine ecosystems biodiversity					
Compute and analyze biodiversity metrics with PAMPA toolsuite Species population EBV class Community composition EBV class EBV dataset EBV workflow modeling biodiversity					
Ecoregionalization workflow tutorial ecology taxonomic data EBV workflow modeling gbif ocean earth-system interactive-tools biodiversity					
From NDVI data with OpenEO to time series visualisation with Holoviews earth-system land degradation NDVI copernicus holoviews					
Life Traits Ecoregionalization workflow biodiversity					
Marine Omics identifying biosynthetic gene clusters earth-system ocean marine omics biodiversity					
Metabarcoding/eDNA through Obtools Genetic composition EBV class Community composition EBV class EBV dataset EBV workflow eDNA Metabarcoding biodiversity					
Obis marine indicators earth-system ocean marine omics biodiversity					
Phylodiversity analysis quick tutorial ecology taxonomic data					
Preparing genomic data for phylogeny reconstruction phylogeny data handling functional annotation biodiversity					
RAD-Seq Reference-based data analysis RAD-seq Genetic composition EBV class Species population EBV class EBV dataset EBV workflow biodiversity					
RAD-Seq de-novo data analysis RAD-seq Genetic composition EBV class Species population EBV class EBV dataset EBV workflow biodiversity					
RAD-Seq to construct genetic maps RAD-seq Genetic composition EBV class EBV dataset EBV workflow biodiversity					
Regional GAM Species population EBV class Species traits EBV class EBV dataset EBV workflow biodiversity					
Sentinel 2 biodiversity Remote sensing biodiversity					
Species distribution modeling interactive-tools modeling gbif species population EBV class biodiversity					
Taxonomic Analysis of eDNA biodiversity					



Clara Urfer

Elisa Michon

Valentin Chambon

Timothée Virgoulay

Eloïse Trigodet

Alan Amossé

Claire Dussin



Elouan Le Mestric



Jean Le Cras



Olivier Norvez

Elie Arnaud

Yassine Ankerl



Najat Amoukou



Arthur Barreau



Simon Bénateau



Benjamin Yguel



Coline Royaux



Marie Jossé



Pauline Segueineau



Triskell Cumunel



2018

2019

2020

2021

2022

2023

2024

2025

Annexes



We,EXPLORE. **FDJ UNITED**



et pourquoi pas vous ?

Navigateurs, scientifiques, citoyens et décideurs
tous unis pour
l'Océan

EN MER

*Collecte, numérisation,
transmission*



We,EXPLORE.



FairScope



A TERRE

*Réception, traitement
et analyse*



FDJ UNITED

PlayforPlankton

EXPLORE.

PROGRAMME SCIENCES CITOYENNES

Etapes du process & parties prenantes



We,EXPLORE.

FairScope

Plankton Planet

esa
European Space Agency

CONNECTED BY
eUTELSAT
ONEWEB

EcoTaxa^{2.7}

COMMUNAUTÉ SCIENTIFIQUE

GAIA Data

OBIS
OCEAN BIODIVERSITY INFORMATION SYSTEM

CITOYENS Application

PLAY
PLANKTON

FDJ UNITED

SORBONNE UNIVERSITÉ

cnrs

MUSÉUM
NAT HIST
NATURELLE

SCIENTIFIQUES & GRAND PUBLIC

2025

2026

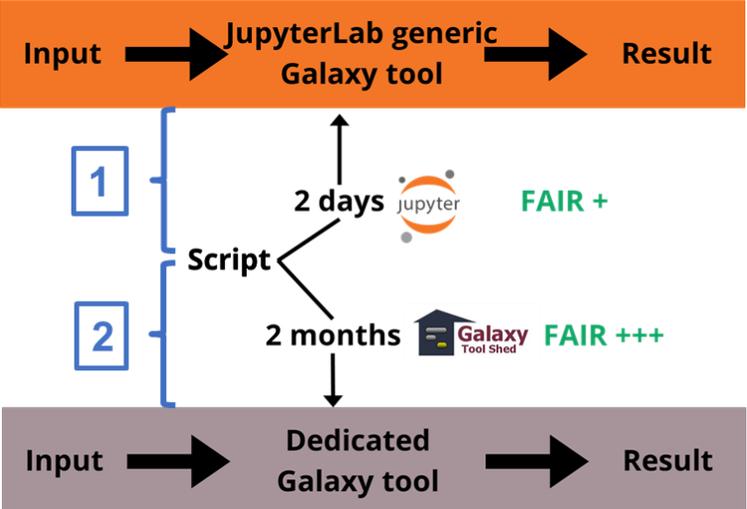
Support numérique



Outils et services

Nouvelle méthode pour créer et partager des workflows

Une nouvelle approche à 2 étapes pour proposer des workflows Galaxy à partir de scripts bruts / codes sources



```
library(data.table)
library(stringr)
library(tidyr)
library(dplyr)
library(mgcv)
library(gamm4)

# ** dataset ----
data <- fread("galaxy_inputs/P10/P10_ER90_Final_COMPLETED.csv.txt")
data <- data[,-1]
data <- as.data.frame(data)
data <- data[~which(data$id_site_annee %in% c("81124-E04_2021", "81124-E03_2021"))]
colnames(data)[25] <- "diametre_rotor"
colnames(data)[26] <- "hauteur_nacelle"

data$MRE <- as.numeric(data$Pippip_90)+
as.numeric(data$Pippyg_90)+
as.numeric(data$Pipnat_90)+
as.numeric(data$Hypsav_90)+
as.numeric(data$Pipkuh_90)+
as.numeric(data$Minsch_90)

data$MRE_binom <- rep(NA,dim(data)[1])
data$MRE_binom[which(data$MRE > 0)] = 1
data$MRE_binom[which(data$MRE == 0)] = 0

data$materiel_tot <- paste0(data$materiel_corrige,"_",data$trigger dB")

data_10 <- data %>%
  drop_na(jday,
  pourcentage_nuit,
  rpm_60min,
  vent_60min,
  temperature_60min,
  rr_60min,
  annee,
  Code_eolienne_meteo,
  materiel_tot)

# ** Model ----
m <- gamm(MRE_binom ~ s(jday, k=4), family = binomial, data = data_10, random=list(annee~1))
m <- gamm4(MRE_binom ~ s(jday, k=4), family = binomial, data = data_10, random=~(1|annee))
```

```
library(data.table)
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library(dplyr)
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```

- bioconda / packages / r-data.table 1.11.6
- bioconda / packages / r-stringr 1.1.0
- bioconda / packages / r-dplyr 0.5.0

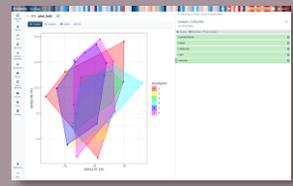
No conda package!
conda recipe creation → New conda package



Creation of a Biocontainer with all dependencies

Galaxy tool xml + adapted R script

Tool in a production Galaxy instance



Nouvelle méthode pour créer et partager des workflows

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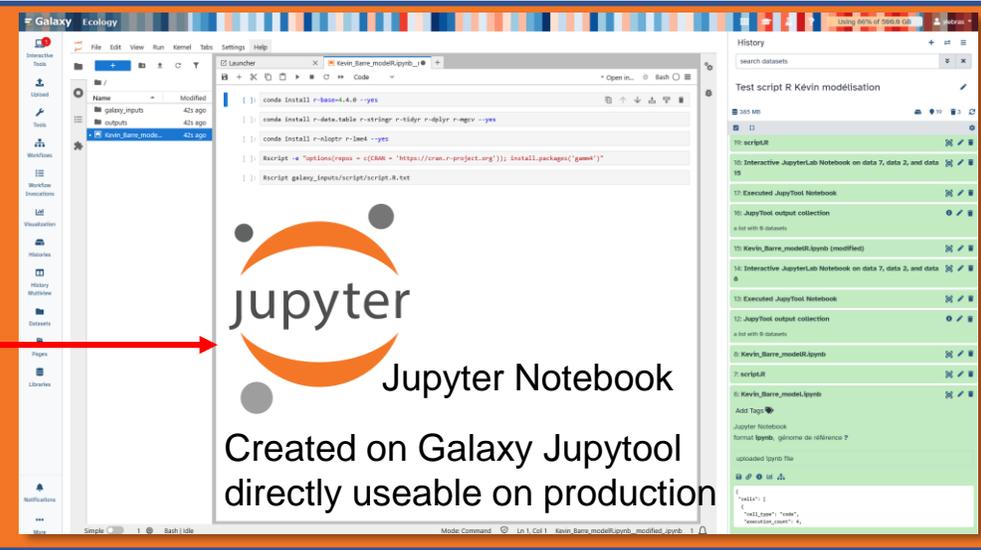
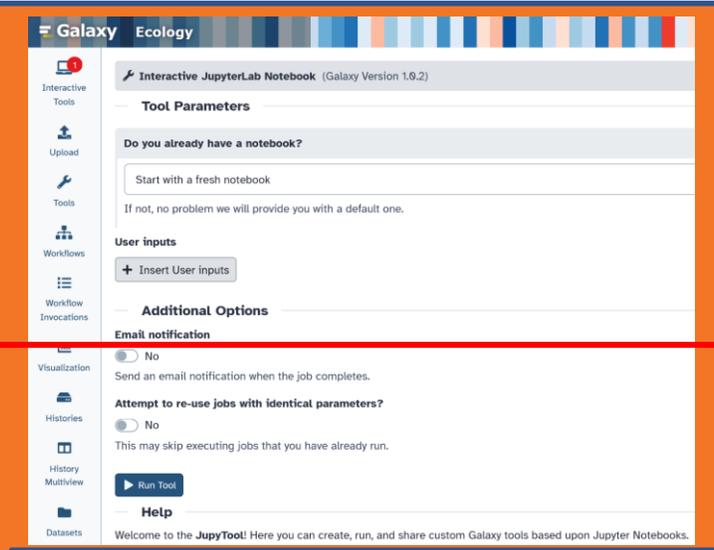
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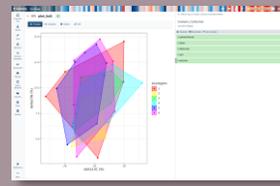
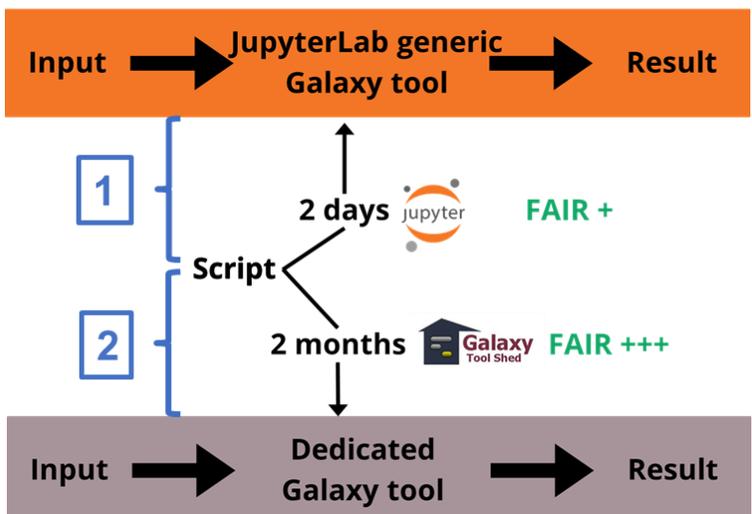
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bioconda / packages / r-data.table 1.11.6
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Besoins utilisateurs vs outils « analyse / traitement de données »

Opérationnalisation des EBVs

Mise à disposition workflows de production de métriques de biodiversité

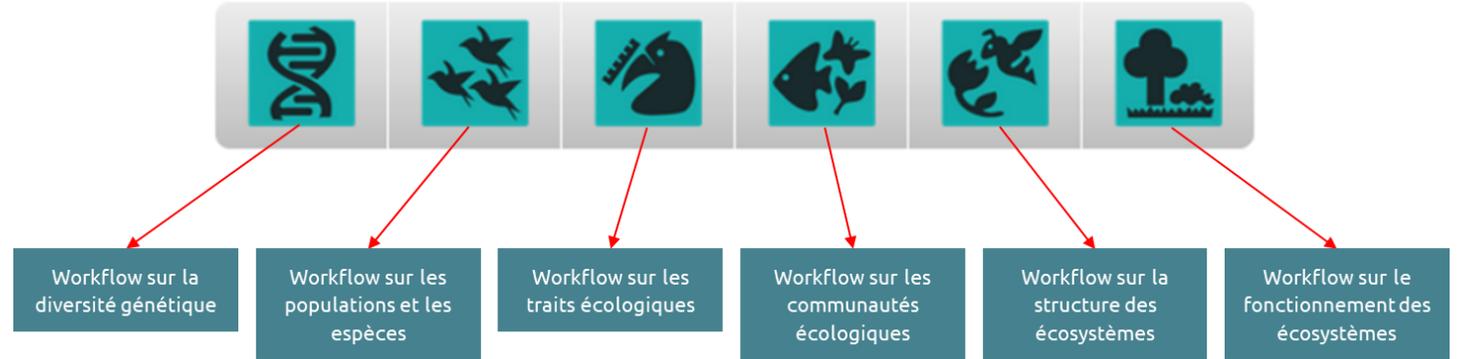
Accès banques de données internationales (occurrence, génétiques, satellites, climat..)

Lien recherche - expertise

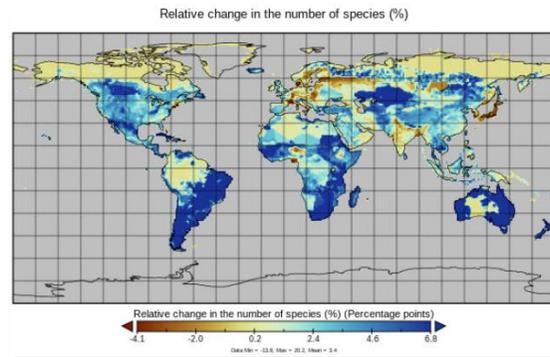
Formation

Visualisation de données

Analyse scientifique de données



<https://www.pndb.fr/fr/activites/projets-techniques-et-scientifiques/ebvosoc#Workflow%20examples>



Ecosystème « Galaxy Ecology »



Besoins utilisateurs vs outils « analyse / traitement de données »

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Get species occurrences data from GBIF, OBIS, ALA, iNAT and others

OBIS occurrences retrieve data

Argo data access for global ocean in situ observing system

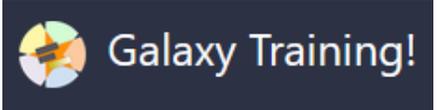
SdmPredictors List Layers from environmental predictors for species distribution modeling

Adds environment variables From Copernicus and etopo given geolocalized and timestamped observations

Retrieve bold Functions to search in Bold and download the available sequences of each subtaxa (get_fasta)

Download and Extract Reads in FASTQ format from NCBI SRA

- Sentinel-5P Level 2
Observations from the Sentinel-5 Precursor satellite of the Copernicus Earth Observation Programme. It contains a polar orbiting satellite that completes 14 orbits of the Earth a day.
- Coupled Model Intercomparison Project 6
The sixth phase of global coupled ocean-atmosphere general circulation model ensemble
- CMIP6 GCMs downscaled using WRF
High-resolution historical and future climate simulations from 1980-2100
- GBIF European region public datasets
The Global Biodiversity Information Facility is an international network and data infrastructure aimed at providing anyone, anywhere, open access to data about all types of life on Earth.
- NOAA Global Forecast System (GFS)
The Global Forecast System (GFS) is a weather forecast model produced by the National Centers for Environmental Prediction (NCEP).
- NOAA Unified Forecast System Subseasonal to Seasonal Prototype 5
The Unified Forecast System Subseasonal to Seasonal prototype 5 (UFS S2Sp5) dataset is reforecast data from the UFS atmosphere-ocean.
- Copernicus Digital Elevation Model (DEM)
The Copernicus DEM is a Digital Surface Model (DSM) which represents the surface of the Earth including buildings, infrastructure and vegetation.
- ECMWF ERA5 Reanalysis
ERA5 is the fifth generation of ECMWF atmospheric reanalyses of the global climate created with the best available observation data from satellites, in-situ stations and ECMWF's Integrated Forecast System. The dataset provides atmospheric meteorological parameters.
- Atmospheric Models from Météo-France
Global and high-resolution regional atmospheric models from Météo-France.



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Data and Metadata Management

These tutorials are focusing on data and metadata management in Ecology.

Lesson

Creating FAIR Quality assessment reports and draft of Data Papers from EML metadata with MetaShRIMPS

Metadata EML FAIR Data Paper

Data preprocessing

These lessons focus on manners to preprocess data used in Ecology

Lesson

Biodiversity data exploration

taxonomic data data quality

Checking expected species and contamination in bacterial isolate

illumina bacteria microgalaxy

Cleaning GBIF data for the use in Ecology

gbif data management data cleaning

Data access

These lessons focus on ways to access data classically used in Ecology

Lesson

QGIS Web Feature Services

earth-system GIS Geographical Information System WFS Spatial data Maps OGC

Data analysis

These lessons focus on ways to analyse data in Ecology

Lesson

Champs blocs indicators

Compute and analyze biodiversity metrics with PAMPA toolsuite

Species population EBV class Community composition EBV class EBV dataset EBV workflow modeling

From NDVI data with OpenEO to time series visualisation with Holoviews

earth-system land degradation NDVI copernicus holoviews

Metabarcoding/eDNA through Orbitools

Genetic composition EBV class Community composition EBV class EBV dataset EBV workflow eDNA Metabarcoding

Obis marine indicators

earth-system ocean marine omics biodiversity

Preparing genomic data for phylogeny reconstruction

phylogeny data handling functional annotation

RAD-Seq Reference-based data analysis

RAD-seq Genetic composition EBV class Species population EBV class EBV dataset EBV workflow

RAD-Seq de-novo data analysis

RAD-seq Genetic composition EBV class Species populations EBV class EBV dataset EBV workflow

RAD-Seq to construct genetic maps

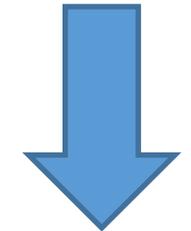
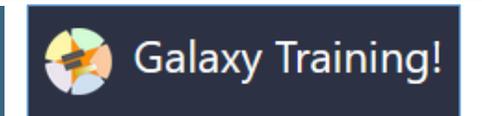
RAD-seq Genetic composition EBV class EBV dataset EBV workflow

Regional GAM

Species populations EBV class Species traits EBV class EBV dataset EBV workflow

Sentinel 2 biodiversity

Remote sensing



<https://training.galaxyproject.org/training-material/topics/ecology/>

Besoins utilisateurs vs outils « analyse / traitement de données »

Opérationnalisation des EBVs

Mise à disposition workflows de production de métriques de biodiversité

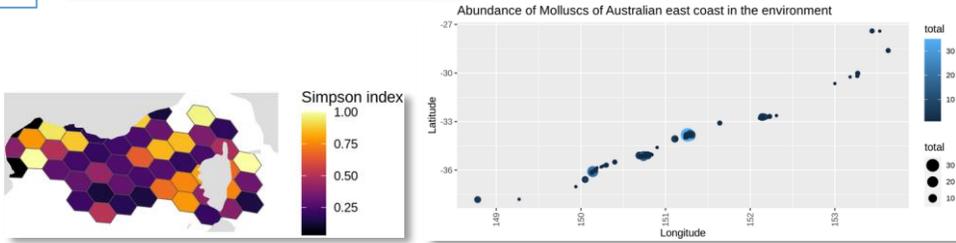
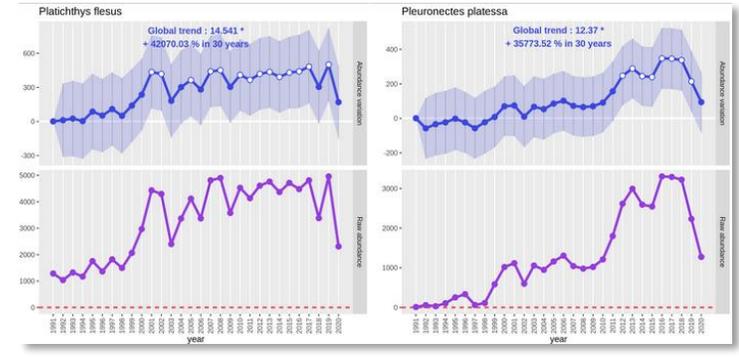
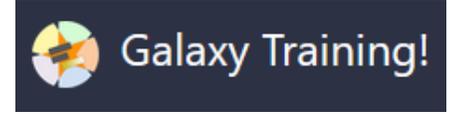
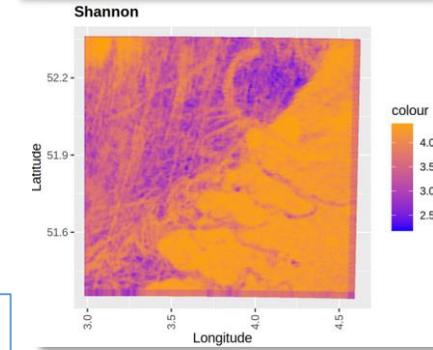
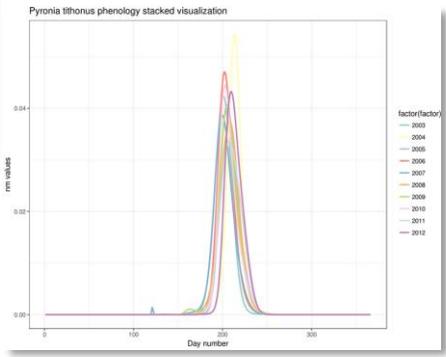
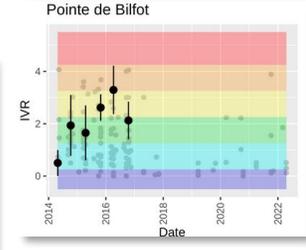
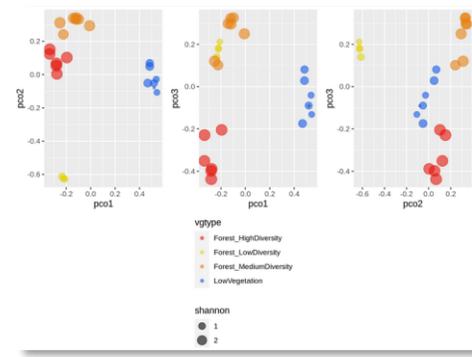
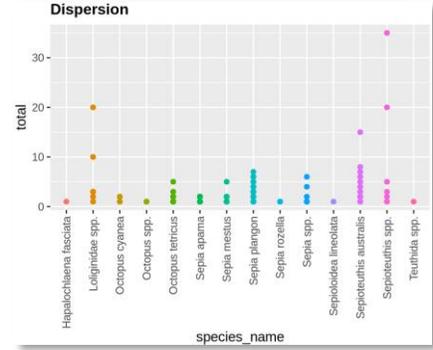
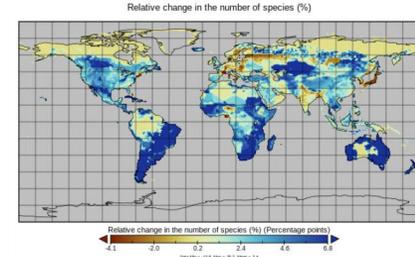
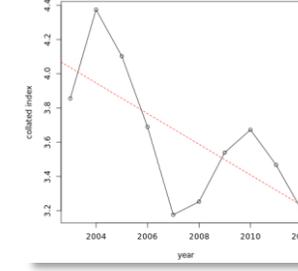
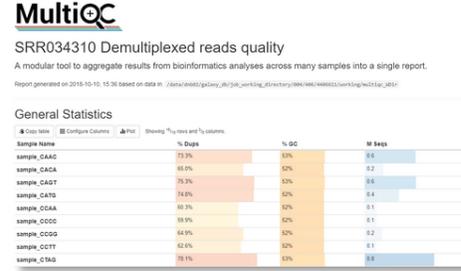
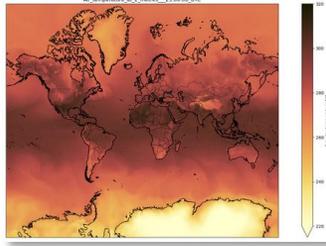
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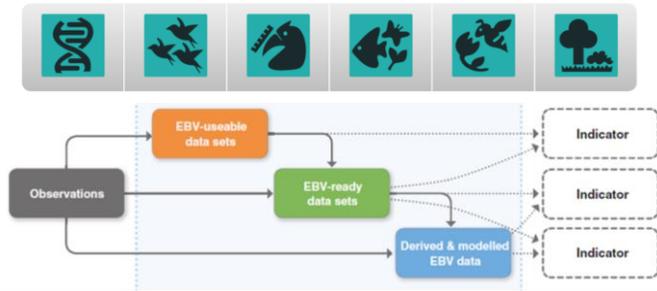
Analyse scientifique de données



MOTTO

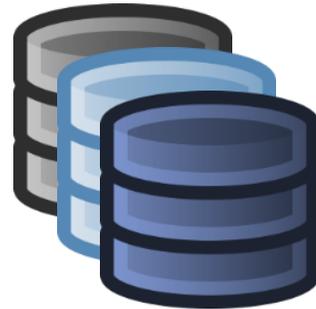
Rely on what already exists and has proven efficiency

Concepts and principles



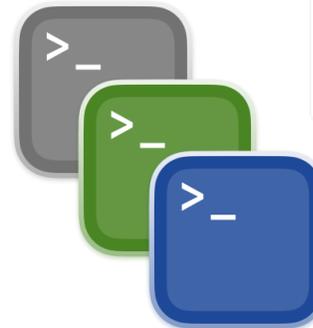
Adapt and apply
to help identify gaps and
bias

Data



Use and reuse
to exploit full
potential

Analytical processes



Atomize and generalize
to get plasticity and
reproducibility

Technical solutions
& related networks



Galaxy
PROJECT



DataONE

Share and contribute
to enhance communication
and networks

Global Open Science Cloud EBVOSC case study

Build National BONs → DigitalBON → GBiOS